

ANNEX B - DRAFT FRAMEWORK CONTRACT FOR SERVICES

Graphic design and production of communication and awareness raising materials

F-SE-16-T15

1. The European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights (hereinafter referred to as 'the contracting authority'), and with its seat at Schwarzenbergplatz 11, Vienna 1040, Austria, represented for the purposes of the signature of this framework contract by [forename, surname and function]

on the one part, and

1. [official name in full]

[official legal form]

[statutory registration number]

[official address in full]

[VAT registration number]

[appointed as the leader of the group by the members of the group that submitted the joint tender] *[to be added under the leading company]*

'the contractor', represented for the purposes of the signature of this framework contract by [forename, surname and function]

on the other part

HAVE AGREED

to the **special conditions**, the **general conditions for framework contracts** for services, and the following annexes:

Annex I – Tender and technical specifications (Invitation to tender No F-SE-16-T15 of [to be completed]).

Annex II – Contractor's tender of [to be completed] – Original archived at the contracting authority's premises.



- Annex III - Model for *order forms* and model specific contract
- Annex IV - Bank Identification Form and Legal Entities File
- Annex V - Power of Attorney
- Annex VI - Model of declaration on the list of pre-existing rights

which form an integral part of this framework contract ('the FWC').

This FWC sets out:

- the procedure by which the contracting authority may order services from the contractor;
- the provisions that apply to any *specific contract* which the contracting authority and the contractor may conclude under this FWC; and
- the obligations of the parties during and after the duration of this FWC.

All documents issued by the contractor (end-user agreements, general terms and conditions, etc.) except its tender are held inapplicable, unless explicitly mentioned in the special conditions of this FWC. In all circumstances, in the event of contradiction between this FWC and documents issued by the contractor, this FWC prevails, regardless of any provision to the contrary in the contractor's documents.



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1. SPECIAL CONDITIONS

1.1 ORDER OF PRIORITY OF PROVISIONS

If there is any conflict between different provisions in this FWC, the following rules must be applied:

- (a) The terms set out in the special conditions take precedence over those in the other parts of the FWC.
- (b) The terms set out in the general conditions take precedence over those in the *order form* and *specific contract* (Annex III)
- (c) The terms set out in the *order form* and *specific contract* (Annex III) take precedence over those in the other annexes.
- (d) The terms set out in the tender specifications (Annex I) take precedence over those in the tender (Annex II).
- (e) The terms set out in the FWC take precedence over those in the *order forms* and *specific contracts*.
- (f) The terms set out in the *specific contracts/order forms* take precedence over those in the requests for services.
- (g) The terms set out in the requests for services take precedence over those in the specific tenders.

Any reference to *specific contracts* applies also to *order forms*.

1.2 SUBJECT MATTER

The subject matter of the FWC is the provision of Graphic design and production of communication and awareness raising materials to the contracting authority, divided into two (2) lots as follows:

Lot 1 – Graphic design

Lot 2 - Production of communication and awareness raising materials.

1.3 ENTRY INTO FORCE AND DURATION

1.3.1 The FWC enters into force on the date on which the last party signs it.

1.3.2 The *implementation of the FWC* cannot start before its entry into force.

1.3.3 The FWC is concluded for a period of one (1) year with effect from the date of its entry into force.



1.3.4 The parties must sign any *specific contracts* before the FWC expires.

The FWC continues to apply to such *specific contracts* after its expiry. The services relating to such *specific contracts* must be performed no later than six (6) months after the expiry of the FWC.

1.3.5 Renewal of the FWC

The FWC is renewed automatically three (3) times for 1 year each, unless one of the parties receives *formal notification* to the contrary at least three months before the end of the ongoing duration. Renewal does not change or postpone any existing obligations.

1.4 APPOINTMENT OF THE CONTRACTOR AND IMPLEMENTATION OF THE FWC

1.4.1 Appointment of the contractor

The contracting authority appoints the contractor for a multiple FWC in cascade in [to be completed] position.

1.4.2 Period of provision of the services

The period for the provision of the services starts to run either from the date on which the *specific contract* is signed by the last party or from the date indicated in the *specific contract*.

1.4.3 Implementation of multiple FWC in cascade

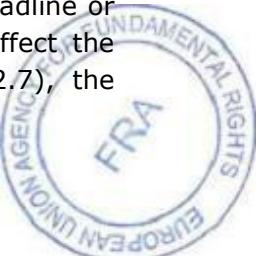
The framework contract will be mainly implemented by means of order forms. In case more complex services are requested, the contracting authority may decide to use a fixed price specific contract instead of an order form.

Then contracting authority will request services and products by email as described in Annex I.

Order forms or specific contracts will be sent by the contracting authority to the contractor by e-mail. Within five (5) working days, the contractor must either:

- (a) send the order form or specific contract back to the contracting authority signed and dated; or
- (b) send an explanation of why it cannot accept the order.

If the contractor does not accept the order or fails to observe the deadline or if it is in a situation of conflicting interests that may negatively affect the performance of the order form or specific contract (see Article 2.7), the



contracting authority may place the order with the next contractor on the cascade.

If the contractor repeatedly refuses to sign order forms or specific contracts or repeatedly fails to send them back on time, the contractor may be considered in breach of its obligations under this FWC as set out in Article 2.18.1 (c).

1.5 PRICES

1.5.1 Maximum amount of the FWC and maximum prices

The maximum amount covering all purchases under this FWC all renewals and reimbursement of expenses is EUR [to be completed]. However, this does not bind the contracting authority to purchase for the maximum amount.

The prices of the services are as listed in Annex II.

1.5.2 Price revision index

Price revision is determined by the formula set out in Article 2.20 and using the trend in the harmonised indices of consumer prices (HICP) monetary union index of consumer prices (MUICP) published for the first time in Eurostat's monthly 'Data in Focus' publication available on the website: <http://www.ec.europa.eu/eurostat/>.

1.5.3 Reimbursement of expenses

Reimbursement of expenses is not applicable to this FWC.

1.6 PAYMENT ARRANGEMENTS

1.6.1 Pre-financing

Not applicable

1.6.2 Interim payment

Lot 1: Lot 1 - Graphic design

1. For fixed price specific contracts of an amount greater than EUR 60,000 and where the implementation allows so, the contracting authority may consider interim



payments. In these cases, the contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender) may claim an interim payment equal to «lots.interimPaymentPercentagePartA»% of the total price referred to in the relevant specific contract in accordance with Article 2.21.6.

The contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender) must send an invoice in paper format or via e-PRIOR for the interim payment as provided for in the tender specifications, accompanied by the following:

- a list of all *pre-existing rights* to the results or parts of the results or a declaration stating that there are no such *pre-existing rights*, as provided for in Article 2.13.4;
- when a progress report is foreseen in the specific contract, the relevant progress report or deliverable result or reference to tender specifications or specific contract.

2. When a progress report is foreseen in the specific contract, the contracting authority must approve any submitted documents or deliverables and pay within sixty (60) days from receipt of the invoice. When no progress report is foreseen in the specific contract, the contracting authority must approve any submitted documents or deliverables and pay within thirty (30) days from receipt of the invoice.

3. If the contracting authority has observations to make, it must send them to the contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender) and suspend the time limit for payment in accordance with Article 2.21.7. The contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender) has ten (10) days to submit additional information or corrections or a new version of the documents if the contracting authority requires it.

4. The contracting authority must give its approval and pay within the remainder of the time-limit indicated in point (2.) unless it rejects partially or fully the submitted documents or deliverables.

Lot 2: Lot 2 - Production of communication and awareness raising materials

1. For fixed price specific contracts of an amount greater than EUR 60,000 and where the implementation allows so, the contracting authority may consider interim payments. In these cases, the contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender) may claim an interim payment equal to «lots.interimPaymentPercentagePartA»% of the total price referred to in the relevant specific contract in accordance with Article 2.21.6.

The contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender) must send an invoice in paper format or via e-PRIOR for the interim payment as provided for in the tender specifications, accompanied by the following:

- a list of all *pre-existing rights* to the results or parts of the results or a declaration



stating that there are no such *pre-existing rights*, as provided for in Article 2.13.4;

- when a progress report is foreseen in the specific contract, the relevant progress report or deliverable result or reference to tender specifications or specific contract.
- 2. When a progress report is foreseen in the specific contract, the contracting authority must approve any submitted documents or deliverables and pay within sixty (60) days from receipt of the invoice. When no progress report is foreseen in the specific contract, the contracting authority must approve any submitted documents or deliverables and pay within thirty (30) days from receipt of the invoice.
- 3. If the contracting authority has observations to make, it must send them to the contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender) and suspend the time limit for payment in accordance with Article 2.21.7. The contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender) has ten (10) days to submit additional information or corrections or a new version of the documents if the contracting authority requires it.
- 4. The contracting authority must give its approval and pay within the remainder of the time-limit indicated in point (2.) unless it rejects partially or fully the submitted documents or deliverables.

1.6.3 Payment of the balance

Lot 1 - Graphic design

1. Payments will be made upon finalisation of the work, provided that the services have been accepted by the contracting authority. The contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender) may claim the payment of the respective order form or specific contract in accordance with Article 2.21.6.

The contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender) must send an invoice in paper format or via e-PRIOR for payment of the balance due under an order form or specific contract, as provided for in the tender specifications and accompanied by the proof of acceptance signed by the contracting authority and a list of all *pre-existing rights* to the results or parts of the results or a declaration stating that there are no such *pre-existing rights*, as provided for in Article 2.13.4;

2. The contracting authority must approve any submitted documents or deliverables and pay within thirty (30) days from receipt of the invoice.
3. If the contracting authority has observations to make, it must send them to the contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender) and suspend the time limit for payment in accordance with Article 2.21.7. The contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender) has ten (10) days to submit additional information or corrections or a



new version of the documents if the contracting authority requires it.

4. The contracting authority must give its approval and pay within the remainder of the time-limit indicated in point (2.) unless it rejects partially or fully the submitted documents or deliverables.

Lot 2 - Production of communication and awareness raising materials

1. Payments will be made upon finalisation of the work, provided that the services have been accepted by the contracting authority. The contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender) may claim the payment of the respective order forms or specific contract in accordance with Article 2.21.6.

The contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender) must send an invoice in paper format or via e-PRIOR for payment of the balance due under order form or specific contract, as provided for in the tender specifications and accompanied by the proof of acceptance signed by the contracting authority.

2. The contracting authority must approve any submitted documents or deliverables and pay within thirty (30) days from receipt of the invoice.

3. If the contracting authority has observations to make, it must send them to the contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender) and suspend the time limit for payment in accordance with Article 2.21.7. The contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender) has ten (10) days to submit additional information or corrections or a new version of the documents if the contracting authority requires it.

4. The contracting authority must give its approval and pay within the remainder of the time-limit indicated in point (2.) unless it rejects partially or fully the submitted documents or deliverables.

1.6.4 Performance guarantee

Performance guarantee is not applicable to this FWC.

1.6.5 Retention money guarantee

Retention money guarantee is not applicable to this FWC.

1.7 BANK ACCOUNT

Payments must be made to the contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender)'s bank account denominated in euro, identified as follows:

Name of bank: *[to be completed]*

Full address of branch: *[to be completed]*



Exact designation of account holder: [*to be completed*]

Full account number including bank codes: [*to be completed*]

IBAN code: [*to be completed*]

BIC code: [*to be completed*]

1.8 COMMUNICATION DETAILS

For the purpose of this FWC, communication must be sent to the following addresses:

Contracting authority:

European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights
to the attention of Mr. Constantinos Manolopoulos
Schwarzenbergplatz 11,
Vienna 1040,
Austria
E-mail: procurement@fra.europa.eu

Contractor (or Leader in the case of a joint tender):

Mr/Mrs/Ms [*complete*]

[Function]

[Company name]

[Official address in full]

[Email]

By derogation from this Article, different contact details for the contracting authority or the contractor may be provided in *specific contracts*.

1.9 DATA CONTROLLER

For the purpose of Article 2.9, the data controller is the Head of the Fundamental Rights Promotion Department.

1.10 EXPLOITATION OF THE RESULTS OF THE FWC

1.10.1 Detailed list of modes of exploitation of the results

In accordance with Article 2.13.1 whereby the Union acquires ownership of the *results* as defined in this FWC, including the tender specifications, these *results* may



be used by the Union and by the contracting authority for any of the following modes of exploitation:

(a) use for its own purposes:

- making available to the staff of the contracting authority;
- making available to the persons and entities working for the contracting authority or cooperating with it, including contractors, subcontractors whether legal or natural persons, Union institutions, agencies and bodies, Member States' institutions;
- installing, uploading, processing;
- arranging, compiling, combining, retrieving;
- copying, reproducing in whole or in part and in unlimited number of copies.

(b) distribution to the public in hard copies, in electronic or digital format, on the internet including social networks as a downloadable or non-downloadable file;

(c) communication through press information services;

(d) modifications by the contracting authority or by a third party in the name of the contracting authority, including:

- shortening;
- summarising;
- modifying the content, the dimensions;
- making technical changes to the content (necessary correction of technical errors), adding new parts or functionalities, changing functionalities, providing third parties with additional information concerning the *result* (e.g. source code) with a view to making modifications;
- addition of new elements, paragraphs, titles, leads, bolds, legend, table of content, summary, graphics, subtitles, sound;
- addition of metadata, for text and data-mining purposes; addition of right-management information; addition of technological protection measures;
- preparation in audio form, preparation as a presentation, animation, pictograms story, slide-show, public presentation;
- extracting a part or dividing into parts;
- translating, inserting subtitles, dubbing in different language versions:
 - all official languages of EU;



(f) rights to authorise, license, or sub-license in case of licensed *pre-existing rights*, the modes of exploitation set out in any of the points (a) to (e) to third parties.

(g) other adaptations which the parties may later agree; in such case, the following rules apply: the contracting authority must consult the contractor. If necessary, the contractor must in turn seek the agreement of any *creator* or other right holder and must reply to the contracting authority within one month by providing its agreement, including any suggestions of modifications, free of charge. The contractor may refuse the intended modification only if a *creator* can demonstrate that the intended modification may harm his/her honour or reputation, thereby violating his/her moral rights.

The modes of exploitation may be defined in more details in the *specific contract*.

1.10.2 Licence or transfer of pre-existing rights

All *pre-existing rights* incorporated in the *results*, if any, are licensed to the Union as set out in Article 2.13.2.

1.10.3 Provision of list of pre-existing rights and documentary evidence

[Only applicable to Lot 1 – Graphic design]

The contractor must provide the contracting authority with a list of *pre-existing rights* as set out in Article 2.13.4 together with the invoice for payment of the balance at the latest, following the model of declaration on the list of pre-existing rights provided in Annex V of the contract

1.11 TERMINATION BY EITHER PARTY

Either party may terminate the FWC and/or the FWC and *specific contracts* by sending *formal notification* to the other party with one month written notice.

If the FWC or a *specific contract* is terminated:

- (a) neither party is entitled to compensation;
- (b) the contractor is entitled to payment only for the services provided before termination takes effect.



The second, third and fourth paragraphs of Article 2.18.4 apply.

1.12 APPLICABLE LAW AND SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES

1.12.1 The FWC is governed by Union law, complemented, where necessary, by the law of Austria.

1.12.2 The Court of Justice of the European Union have exclusive jurisdiction over any dispute regarding the interpretation, application or validity of the FWC.

SPECIAL CLAUSES APPLICABLE TO LOT 2

1.13 DELIVERY

1.13.1 The items and materials under Lot 2 – Production of Communication and Awareness Raising Materials must be delivered with all duties paid (DDP)² to the contracting authority's premises at:

Schwarzenbergplatz 11,
Vienna 1040
Austria

1.13.2 The contractor must notify the contracting authority of the exact date of delivery with at least the number of days in advance specified in the respective specific contract or order form. Deliveries may be made on any working day during normal working hours, at the agreed place of delivery as stated in the respective specific contract or order form.

1.13.3 The contractor must bear all costs and risks involved in delivering the supplies to the place of delivery.

1.13.4 Consignment note

Each delivery must be accompanied by a consignment note in duplicate, duly signed and dated by the contractor or its carrier, giving the specific contract or order form number and particulars of the supplies delivered. One copy of the consignment note must be countersigned by the contracting authority and returned to the contractor or to its carrier.

² Duty Delivered Paid Incoterms 2010 of the International Chamber of Commerce. These terms are available for sale on the website <http://www.iccwbo.org/incoterms/>



Signature of the consignment note by the contracting authority is simply an acknowledgment of the fact that the delivery took place and in no way implies conformity of the supplies with the specific contract. Conformity of the supplies delivered must be evidenced by the signature of a document accepting the supplies to this effect by the contracting authority no later than one month after the date of delivery, unless otherwise specified in the specific contract or order form.

Conformity must be declared only where the conditions laid down in the FWC and in the specific contract or order form are satisfied and the supplies conform to the tender specifications.

If, for reasons attributable to the contractor, the contracting authority is unable to accept the supplies, the contractor must be notified in writing at the latest by the deadline for conformity.

1.14 CONFORMITY

The items and materials delivered by the contractor to the contracting authority must be in conformity in quantity, quality, price and packaging with the FWC and the relevant specific contract or order form.

They must:

- (a) correspond to the description given in the tender specifications and possess the characteristics of the supplies provided by the contractor to the contracting authority as a sample or model;
- (b) be fit for any specific purpose required of them by the contracting authority and made known to the contractor at the time of conclusion of this FWC and accepted by the contractor;
- (c) be fit for the purposes for which supplies of the same type are normally used;
- (d) demonstrate the high quality standards and performance which are normal in supplies of the same type and which the contracting authority can reasonably expect, given the nature of the supplies and taking into account any public statements on the specific characteristics of the supplies made by the contractor, the producer or its representative, particularly in advertising or on labelling; in accordance with the state of the art in the industry and the provisions of this FWC, in particular the tender specifications and the terms of its tender.
- (e) be packaged according to the usual method for supplies of the same type or, failing this, in a way designed to preserve and protect them.



1.15 REMEDY

The contractor must be liable to the contracting authority for any lack of conformity which exists at the time the supplies are verified.

In case of lack of conformity, without prejudice to Article 2.15 on liquidated damages applicable to the total price of the supplies concerned, the contracting authority is entitled:

- (a) either to have the supplies brought into conformity, free of charge, by repair or replacement;
- (b) or to have an appropriate reduction made in the price.

Any repair or replacement must be completed within a reasonable time and without any significant inconvenience to the contracting authority, taking account of the nature of the supplies and the purpose for which they are required by the contracting authority.

The term 'free of charge' in paragraph (a) refers to the costs incurred to bring the supplies into conformity, particularly the cost of postage, labour and materials.

1.16 PACKAGING

The supplies must be packaged in strong boxes or crates or in any other way that ensures that the contents remain intact and prevents damage or deterioration. Packaging, pallets, etc., including contents, must not weigh more than 500 kg.

Unless otherwise specified in the respective specific contract or order form, pallets must be considered as one-way packaging and must not be returned. Each box must be clearly labelled with the following information:

- Name of contracting authority and address for delivery;
- name of contractor;
- description of contents;
- date of delivery;
- number and date of specific contract or order form;
- EC code number of article.

All items and material produced under the FWC must meet European Union quality, safety and environmental standards. In case of non-conformity with European Union safety and environmental standards, article 1.15 shall apply.

1.17 GUARANTEE

The supplies must be guaranteed against all defects in manufacture or materials for six months from the date of delivery, unless provision is made for a longer period in the respective specific contract or order form.



The contractor must guarantee that any permits and licences required for manufacturing and selling the supplies have been obtained.

The contractor must replace at its own expense, within a reasonable time limit to be determined by agreement between the parties, any items which become damaged or defective in the course of normal use during the guarantee period.

The contractor is responsible for any conformity defect which exists at the time of delivery, even if this defect does not appear until a later date.

The contractor is also responsible for any conformity defect which occurs after delivery and is ascribable to non-compliance with its obligations, including failure to provide a guarantee that, for a certain period, supplies used for the purposes for which they are normally used or for a specific purpose will preserve their qualities or characteristics as specified.

If part of an item is replaced, the replacement part must be guaranteed under the same terms and conditions for a further period of the same duration as that specified above.

If a defect is found to originate in a systematic flaw in design, the contractor must replace or modify all identical parts incorporated in the other supplies that are part of the order, even though they may not have been the cause of any incident. In this case, the guarantee period must be extended as stated above.

1.18 SIGNATURES

For the contractor,

[name]

[function]

For the contracting authority,

[name]

[function]

Signature: _____

Signature: _____

Done at _____, date: _____

Done at Vienna, date: _____

In duplicate in English.



2 GENERAL CONDITIONS FOR SERVICE FRAMEWORK CONTRACTS

2.1 DEFINITIONS

For the purpose of this FWC, the following definitions (indicated in italics in the text) apply:

'Back office': the internal system(s) used by the parties to process electronic invoices;

'Confidential information or document': any information or document received by either party from the other or accessed by either party in the context of the *implementation of the FWC*, that any of the parties has identified in writing as confidential. It may not include information that is publicly available;

'Conflict of interest': a situation where the impartial and objective *implementation of the FWC* by the contractor is compromised for reasons involving family, emotional life, political or national affinity, economic interest, or any other shared interest with the contracting authority or any third party related to the subject matter of the FWC;

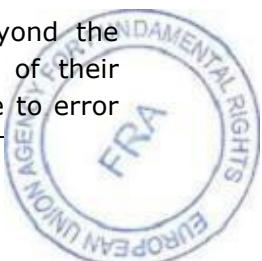
'Creator': means any natural person who contributes to the production of the result;

'EDI message' (electronic data interchange): a message created and exchanged through the electronic transfer, from computer to computer, of commercial and administrative data using an agreed standard;

'e-PRIOR': the service-oriented communication platform that provides a series of web services and allows the exchange of standardised electronic messages and documents between the parties. This is done either through web services, with a machine-to-machine connection between the parties' *back office* systems (*EDI messages*), or through a web application (the supplier portal). The Platform may be used to exchange electronic documents (e-documents) such as electronic requests for services, electronic *specific contracts*, electronic acceptance of services and electronic invoices between the parties. Technical specifications (i.e. the *interface control document*), details on access and user manuals are available at the following website:

http://ec.europa.eu/dgs/informatics/supplier_portal/documentation/documentation_en.htm

'Force majeure': any unforeseeable, exceptional situation or event beyond the control of the parties that prevents either of them from fulfilling any of their obligations under the FWC. The situation or event must not be attributable to error



or negligence on the part of the parties or on the part of the subcontractors and must prove to be inevitable despite their exercising due diligence. Defaults of service, defects in equipment or material or delays in making them available, labour disputes, strikes and financial difficulties may not be invoked as *force majeure*, unless they stem directly from a relevant case of *force majeure*;

'Formal notification' (or 'formally notify'): form of communication between the parties made in writing by mail or email, which provides the sender with compelling evidence that the message was delivered to the specified recipient;

'Fraud': any intentional act or omission affecting the Union's financial interests relating to the use or presentation of false, incorrect or incomplete statements or documents or to non-disclosure of information in violation of a specific obligation;

'Implementation of the FWC': the purchase of services envisaged in the FWC through the signature and performance of *specific contracts*;

'Interface control document': the guideline document which lays down the technical specifications, message standards, security standards, checks of syntax and semantics, etc. to facilitate machine-to-machine connection. This document is updated on a regular basis;

'Irregularity': any infringement of a provision of Union law resulting from an act or omission by an economic operator, which has, or would have, the effect of prejudicing the Union's budget.

'Notification' (or 'notify'): form of communication between the parties made in writing including by electronic means;

'Order form': a simplified form of *specific contract* by which the contracting authority orders services under this FWC;

'Performance of a specific contract': the execution of tasks and delivery of the purchased services by the contractor to the contracting authority;

'Personnel': persons employed directly or indirectly or contracted by the contractor to implement the FWC;

'Pre-existing material': any material, document, technology or know-how which exists prior to the contractor using it for the production of a result in the *implementation of the FWC*;

'Pre-existing right': any industrial and intellectual property right on *pre-existing material*; it may consist in a right of ownership, a licence right and/or right of use belonging to the contractor, the *creator*, the contracting authority as well as to any other third parties;



'Professional conflicting interest': a situation in which the contractor's previous or ongoing professional activities affect its capacity to implement the FWC or to perform a *specific contract* to an appropriate quality standard.

'Related person': any person who has the power to represent the contractor or to take decisions on its behalf;

'Request for services': a document from the contracting authority requesting that the contractors in a multiple FWC provide a specific tender for services whose terms are not entirely defined under the FWC;

'Result': any intended outcome of the *implementation of the FWC*, whatever its form or nature, which is delivered and finally or partially approved by the contracting authority. A result may be further defined in this FWC as a deliverable. A result may, in addition to materials produced by the contractor or at its request, also include *pre-existing materials*;

'Specific contract': a contract implementing the FWC and specifying details of a service to be provided;

'Substantial error': any infringement of a contract provision resulting from an act or omission, which causes or might cause a loss to the Union's budget.

'Supplier portal': the e-PRIOR portal, which allows the contractor to exchange electronic business documents, such as invoices, through a graphical user interface; its main features can be found in the supplier portal overview document available on:

http://ec.europa.eu/dgs/informatics/supplier_portal/doc/um_supplier_portal_overview.pdf

2.2 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES IN THE EVENT OF A JOINT TENDER

In the event of a joint tender submitted by a group of economic operators and where the group does not have legal personality or legal capacity, one member of the group is appointed as leader of the group.

2.3 SEVERABILITY

Each provision of this FWC is severable and distinct from the others. If a provision is or becomes illegal, invalid or unenforceable to any extent, it must be severed from the remainder of the FWC. This does not affect the legality, validity or enforceability of any other provisions of the FWC, which continue in full force and effect. The illegal, invalid or unenforceable provision must be replaced by a legal, valid and enforceable substitute provision which corresponds as closely as possible with the



actual intent of the parties under the illegal, invalid or unenforceable provision. The replacement of such a provision must be made in accordance with Article 2.11. The FWC must be interpreted as if it had contained the substitute provision as from its entry into force.

2.4 PROVISION OF SERVICES

- 2.4.1** Signature of the FWC does not guarantee any actual purchase. The contracting authority is bound only by *specific contracts* implementing the FWC.
- 2.4.2** The contractor must provide services of high quality standards, in accordance with the state of the art in the industry and the provisions of this FWC, in particular the tender specifications and the terms of its tender.
- 2.4.3** The contractor must comply with the minimum requirements provided for in the tender specifications. This includes compliance with applicable obligations under environmental, social and labour law established by Union law, national law and collective agreements or by the international environmental, social and labour law provisions listed in Annex X to Directive 2014/24/EU³.
- 2.4.4** The contractor must obtain any permit or licence required in the State where the services are to be provided.
- 2.4.5** All periods specified in the FWC are calculated in calendar days, unless otherwise specified.
- 2.4.6** The contractor must not present itself as a representative of the contracting authority and must inform third parties that it is not part of the European public service.
- 2.4.7** The contractor is responsible for the *personnel* who carry out the services and exercises its authority over its *personnel* without interference by the contracting authority. The contractor must inform its *personnel* that:

³ OJ L 94 of 28.03.2014, p. 65



- (a) they may not accept any direct instructions from the contracting authority; and
- (b) their participation in providing the services does not result in any employment or contractual relationship with the contracting authority.

2.4.8 The contractor must ensure that the *personnel* implementing the FWC and any future replacement personnel possess the professional qualifications and experience required to provide the services, as the case may be on the basis of the selection criteria set out in the tender specifications.

2.4.9 At the contracting authority's reasoned request, the contractor must replace any member of *personnel* who:

- (a) does not have the expertise required to provide the services; or
- (b) has caused disruption at the premises of the contracting authority.

The contractor bears the cost of replacing its *personnel* and is responsible for any delay in providing the services resulting from the replacement of *personnel*.

2.5 COMMUNICATION BETWEEN THE PARTIES

2.5.1 Form and means of communication

Any communication of information, notices or documents under the FWC must:

- (a) be made in writing in paper or electronic format in the language of the contract;
- (b) bear the FWC number and, if applicable, the *specific contract* number;
- (c) be made using the relevant communication details set out in Article 1.8; and
- (d) be sent by mail, email or, for the documents specified in the special conditions, via e-PRIOR.

If a party requests written confirmation of an e-mail within a reasonable time, the other party must provide an original signed paper version of the communication as soon as possible.



The parties agree that any communication made by email has full legal effect and is admissible as evidence in judicial proceedings.

2.5.2 Date of communications by mail and email

Any communication is deemed to have been made when the receiving party receives it, unless this FWC contract refers to the date when the communication was sent.

E-mail is deemed to have been received by the receiving party on the day of dispatch of that e-mail, provided that it is sent to the e-mail address indicated in Article 1.8. The sending party must be able to prove the date of dispatch. In the event that the sending party receives a non-delivery report, it must make every effort to ensure that the other party actually receives the communication by email or mail. In such a case, the sending party is not held in breach of its obligation to send such communication within a specified deadline.

Mail sent to the contracting authority is deemed to have been received by the contracting authority on the date on which the department responsible referred to in Article 1.8 registers it.

Formal notifications are considered to have been received by the receiving party on the date of receipt indicated in the proof received by the sending party that the message was delivered to the specified recipient.

2.5.3 Submission of e-documents via e-PRIOR

1. If provided for in the special conditions, the exchange of electronic documents (e-documents) such as requests for services, *specific contracts* and invoices between the parties is automated through the use of the e-PRIOR platform. This platform provides two possibilities for such exchanges: either through web services (machine-to-machine connection) or through a web application (the *supplier portal*).
2. The contracting authority takes the necessary measures to implement and maintain electronic systems that enable the supplier portal to be used effectively.
3. In the case of machine-to-machine connection, a direct connection is established between the parties' *back offices*. In this case, the parties take



the measures necessary on their side to implement and maintain electronic systems that enable the machine-to-machine connection to be used effectively. The electronic systems are specified in the *interface control document*. The contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender) must take the necessary technical measures to set up a machine-to-machine connection and at its own cost.

4. If communication via the supplier portal or via the web services (machine-to-machine connection) is hindered by factors beyond the control of one party, it must notify the other immediately and the parties must take the necessary measures to restore this communication.
5. If it is impossible to restore the communication within two working days, one party must notify the other that alternative means of communication specified in Article 2.5.1 will be used until the supplier portal or the machine-to-machine connection is restored.
6. When a change in the *interface control document* requires adaptations, the contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender) has up to six months from receipt of the *notification* to implement this change. This period can be shortened by mutual agreement of the parties. This period does not apply to urgent measures required by the security policy of the contracting authority to ensure integrity, confidentiality and non-repudiation of information and the availability of *e-PRIOR*, which must be applied immediately.

2.5.4 Validity and date of e-documents

1. The parties agree that any e-document, including related attachments exchanged via *e-PRIOR*:
 - (a) is considered as equivalent to a paper document;
 - (b) is deemed to be the original of the document;
 - (c) is legally binding on the parties once an *e-PRIOR* authorised person has performed the 'sign' action in *e-PRIOR* and has full legal effect; and
 - (d) constitutes evidence of the information contained in it and is admissible as evidence in judicial proceedings.
2. The parties expressly waive any rights to contest the validity of such a document solely on the grounds that communications between the parties



occurred through *e-PRIOR* or that the document has been signed through *e-PRIOR*. If a direct connection is established between the parties' *back offices* to allow electronic transfer of documents, the parties agree that an e-document, sent as mentioned in the *interface control document*, qualifies as an *EDI message*.

3. If the e-document is dispatched through the supplier portal, it is deemed to have been legally issued or sent when the contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender) is able to successfully submit the e-document without any error messages. The generated PDF and XML document for the e-document are considered as a proof of receipt by the contracting authority.
4. In the event that an e-document is dispatched using a direct connection established between the parties' *back offices*, the e-document is deemed to have been legally issued or sent when its status is 'received' as defined in the *interface control document*.
5. When using the supplier portal, the contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender) can download the PDF or XML message for each e-document for one year after submission. After this period, copies of the e-documents are no longer available for automatic download from the supplier portal.

2.5.5 Authorised persons in *e-PRIOR*

The contractor submits a request for each person who needs to be assigned the role of 'user' in *e-PRIOR*. These persons are identified by means of the European Communication Authentication Service (ECAS) and authorised to access and perform actions in *e-PRIOR* within the permissions of the user roles that the contracting authority has assigned to them.

User roles enabling these *e-PRIOR* authorised persons to sign legally binding documents such as specific tenders or *specific contracts* are granted only upon submission of supporting documents proving that the authorised person is empowered to act as a legal representative of the contractor.

2.6 LIABILITY

- 2.6.1** The contracting authority is not liable for any damage or loss caused by the contractor, including any damage or loss to third parties during or as a consequence of *implementation of the FWC*.



2.6.2 If required by the relevant applicable legislation, the contractor must take out an insurance policy against risks and damage or loss relating to the *implementation of the FWC*. It must also take out supplementary insurance as reasonably required by standard practice in the industry. Upon request, the contractor must provide evidence of insurance coverage to the contracting authority.

2.6.3 The contractor is liable for any loss or damage caused to the contracting authority during or as a consequence of *implementation of the FWC*, including in the event of subcontracting, but only up to an amount not exceeding three times the total amount of the relevant *specific contract*. However, if the damage or loss is caused by the gross negligence or wilful misconduct of the contractor or of its *personnel* or subcontractors, the contractor is liable for the whole amount of the damage or loss.

2.6.4 If a third party brings any action against the contracting authority in connection with the *implementation of the FWC*, including any action for alleged breach of intellectual property rights, the contractor must assist the contracting authority in the legal proceedings, including by intervening in support of the contracting authority upon request. If the contracting authority's liability towards the third party is established and that such liability is caused by the contractor during or as a consequence of the *implementation of the FWC*, Article 2.6.3 applies.

2.6.5 If the contractor is composed of two or more economic operators (i.e. who submitted a joint tender), they are all jointly and severally liable to the contracting authority for the *implementation of the FWC*.

2.6.6 The contracting authority is not liable for any loss or damage caused to the contractor during or as a consequence of *implementation of the FWC*, unless the loss or damage was caused by wilful misconduct or gross negligence of the contracting authority.

2.7 CONFLICT OF INTERESTS AND PROFESSIONAL CONFLICTING INTERESTS

2.7.1 The contractor must take all the necessary measures to prevent any situation of *conflict of interest* or *professional conflicting interest*.



2.7.2 The contractor must *notify* the contracting authority in writing as soon as possible of any situation that could constitute a *conflict of interest* or a *professional conflicting interest* during the *implementation of the FWC*. The contractor must immediately take action to rectify the situation.

The contracting authority may do any of the following:

- (a) verify that the contractor's action is appropriate;
- (b) require the contractor to take further action within a specified deadline;

decide not to award a *specific contract* to the contractor.

2.7.3 The contractor must pass on all the relevant obligations in writing to:

- (a) its *personnel*;
- (b) any natural person with the power to represent it or take decisions on its behalf;
- (c) third parties involved in the *implementation of the FWC*, including subcontractors.

The contractor must also ensure that the persons referred to above are not placed in a situation which could give rise to conflicts of interest.

2.8 CONFIDENTIALITY

2.8.1. The contracting authority and the contractor must treat with confidentiality any information or documents, in any format, disclosed in writing or orally, relating to the *implementation of the FWC* and identified in writing as confidential.

2.8.2 Each party must:

- (a) not use *confidential information or documents* for any purpose other than to perform its obligations under the FWC or a *specific contract* without the prior written agreement of the other party;
- (b) ensure the protection of such *confidential information or documents* with the same level of protection as its own *confidential information or documents* and in any case with due diligence;



(c) not disclose, directly or indirectly, *confidential information or documents* to third parties without the prior written agreement of the other party.

2.8.3 The confidentiality obligations set out in this Article are binding on the contracting authority and the contractor during the *implementation of the FWC* and for as long as the information or documents remain confidential unless:

- the disclosing party agrees to release the receiving party from the confidentiality obligation earlier;
- the *confidential information or documents* become public through other means than a breach of the confidentiality obligation;
- the applicable law requires the disclosure of the *confidential information or documents*.

2.8.4 The contractor must obtain from any natural person with the power to represent it or take decisions on its behalf, as well as from third parties involved in the *implementation of the FWC* a commitment that they will comply with this Article. At the request of the contracting authority, the contractor must provide a document providing evidence of this commitment:

2.9 PROCESSING OF PERSONAL DATA

2.9.1 Any personal data included in the FWC must be processed in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2000 on the protection of individuals with regard to the processing of personal data by the Community institutions and bodies and on the free movement of such data. Such data must be processed by the data controller solely for the purposes of the implementation, management and monitoring of the FWC. This does not affect its possible transmission to bodies entrusted with monitoring or inspection tasks in application of Union law.

2.9.2 The contractor has the right to access its personal data and the right to rectify any such data. The contractor should address any queries concerning the processing of its personal data to the data controller.

2.9.3 The contractor has right of recourse at any time to the European Data Protection Supervisor.



2.9.4 If the FWC requires the contractor to process any personal data, the contractor may act only under the supervision of the data controller, in particular with regard to the purposes of the processing, the categories of data that may be processed, the recipients of the data and the means by which the data subject may exercise its rights.

2.9.5 The contractor must grant *personnel* access to the data to the extent strictly necessary for the implementation, management and monitoring of the FWC.

2.9.6 The contractor must adopt appropriate technical and organisational security measures, giving due regard to the risks inherent in the processing and to the nature of the personal data concerned, in order to:

- (a) prevent any unauthorised person from gaining access to computer systems processing personal data, and especially:
 - (i) unauthorised reading, copying, alteration or removal of storage media;
 - (ii) unauthorised data inputting, as well as any unauthorised disclosure, alteration or erasure of stored personal data;
 - (iii) unauthorised use of data processing systems by means of data transmission facilities;
- (b) ensure that authorised users of a data-processing system can access only the personal data to which their access right refers;
- (c) record which personal data have been communicated, when and to whom;
- (d) ensure that personal data being processed on behalf of third parties can be processed only in the manner prescribed by the contracting authority;
- (e) ensure that, during communication of personal data and transport of storage media, the data cannot be read, copied or erased without authorisation;
- (f) design its organisational structure in such a way that it meets data protection requirements.



2.10 SUBCONTRACTING

2.10.1 The contractor must not subcontract and have the FWC implemented by third parties beyond the third parties already mentioned in its tender without prior written authorisation from the contracting authority.

2.10.2 Even if the contracting authority authorises subcontracting, the contractor remains bound by its contractual obligations and is solely responsible for the *implementation of the FWC*.

2.10.3 The contractor must ensure that the subcontract does not affect the rights of the contracting authority under this FWC, particularly those under Articles 2.8, 2.13 and 2.24.

2.10.4 The contracting authority may request the contractor to replace a subcontractor found to be in a situation provided for in points (d) and (e) of Article 2.18.1.

2.11 AMENDMENTS

2.11.1 Any amendment to the FWC or a *specific contract* must be made in writing before all contractual obligations have been fulfilled. A *specific contract* does not constitute an amendment to the FWC.

2.11.2 Any amendment must not make changes to the FWC or a *specific contract* that might alter the initial conditions of the procurement procedure or result in unequal treatment of tenderers or contractors.

2.12 ASSIGNMENT

2.12.1 The contractor must not assign any of the rights and obligations arising from the FWC, including claims for payments or factoring, without prior written authorisation from the contracting authority. In such cases, the contractor must provide the contracting authority with the identity of the intended assignee.

2.12.2 Any right or obligation assigned by the contractor without authorisation is not enforceable against the contracting authority.



2.13 INTELLECTUAL AND INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY

2.13.1 Ownership of the rights in the results

The Union acquires irrevocably worldwide ownership of the *results* and of all intellectual property rights under the FWC. The intellectual property rights so acquired include any rights, such as copyright and other intellectual or industrial property rights, to any of the *results* and to all technological solutions and information created or produced by the contractor or by its subcontractor in *implementation of the FWC*. The contracting authority may exploit and use the acquired rights as stipulated in this FWC. The Union acquires all the rights from the moment the contracting authority approves the *results* delivered by the contractor. Such delivery and approval are deemed to constitute an effective assignment of rights from the contractor to the Union.

The payment of the price includes any fees payable to the contractor about the acquisition of ownership of rights by the Union including for all forms of exploitation and of use of the *results*.

2.13.2 Licensing of pre-existing rights

Unless provided otherwise in the special conditions, the Union does not acquire ownership of *pre-existing rights* under this FWC.

The contractor licenses the *pre-existing rights* on a royalty-free, non-exclusive and irrevocable basis to the Union, which may use the *pre-existing materials* for all the modes of exploitation set out in this FWC or in *specific contracts*. All *pre-existing rights* are licensed to the Union from the moment the results are delivered and approved by the contracting authority.

The licensing of *pre-existing rights* to the Union under this FWC covers all territories worldwide and is valid for the duration of intellectual property rights protection.

The payment of the price as set out in the *specific contracts* is deemed to also include any fees payable to the contractor in relation to the licensing of *pre-existing rights* to the Union, including for all forms of exploitation and of use of the results.

Where *implementation of the FWC* requires that the contractor uses *pre-existing materials* belonging to the contracting authority, the contracting authority may request that the contractor signs an adequate licence agreement. Such use by the contractor will not entail any transfer of rights to the contractor and is limited to the needs of this FWC.



2.13.3 Exclusive rights

The Union acquires the following exclusive rights:

- (a) reproduction: the right to authorise or prohibit direct or indirect, temporary or permanent reproduction of the *results* by any means (mechanical, digital or other) and in any form, in whole or in part;
- (b) communication to the public: the exclusive right to authorise or prohibit any display, performance or communication to the public, by wire or wireless means, including the making available to the public of the *results* in such a way that members of the public may access them from a place and at a time individually chosen by them; this right also includes the communication and broadcasting by cable or by satellite;
- (c) distribution: the exclusive right to authorise or prohibit any form of distribution of *results* or copies of the *results* to the public, by sale or otherwise;
- (d) rental: the exclusive right to authorise or prohibit rental or lending of the *results* or of copies of the *results*;
- (e) adaptation: the exclusive right to authorise or prohibit any modification of the *results*;
- (f) translation: the exclusive right to authorise or prohibit any translation, adaptation, arrangement, creation of derivative works based on the *results*, and any other alteration of the *results*, subject to the respect of moral rights of authors, where applicable;
- (g) where the *results* are or include a database: the exclusive right to authorise or prohibit the extraction of all or a substantial part of the contents of the database to another medium by any means or in any form; and the exclusive right to authorise or prohibit the re-utilization of all or a substantial part of the contents of the database by the distribution of copies, by renting, by on-line or other forms of transmission;
- (h) where the *results* are or include a patentable subject-matter: the right to register them as a patent and to further exploit such patent to the fullest extent;
- (i) where the results are or include logos or subject-matter which could be registered as a trademark: the right to register such logo or subject-matter as a trademark and to further exploit and use it;
- (j) where the results are or include know-how: the right to use such know-how as is necessary to make use of the results to the full extent provided for by this FWC, and the right to make it available to contractors or



subcontractors acting on behalf of the contracting authority, subject to their signing of adequate confidentiality undertakings where necessary;

(k) where the results are documents:

(i) the right to authorise the reuse of the documents in conformity with the Commission Decision of 12 December 2011 on the reuse of Commission documents (2011/833/EU), to the extent it is applicable and the documents fall within its scope and are not excluded by any of its provisions; for the sake of this provision, 'reuse' and 'document' have the meaning given to it by this Decision;

(ii) the right to store and archive the *results* in line with the document management rules applicable to the contracting authority, including digitisation or converting the format for preservation or new use purposes;

(l) where the results are or incorporate software, including source code, object code and, where relevant, documentation, preparatory materials and manuals, in addition to the other rights mentioned in this Article:

(i) end-user rights, for all uses by the Union or by subcontractors which result from this FWC and from the intention of the parties;

(ii) the rights to decompile or disassemble the software;

(m) to the extent that the contractor may invoke moral rights, the right for the contracting authority, except where otherwise provided in this FWC, to publish the results with or without mentioning the *creator(s)*' name(s), and the right to decide when and whether the results may be disclosed and published.

The contractor warrants that the exclusive rights and the modes of exploitation may be exercised by the Union on all parts of the *results*, be they created by the contractor or consisting of *pre-existing materials*.

Where *pre-existing materials* are inserted in the results, the contracting authority may accept reasonable restrictions impacting on the above list, provided that the said materials are easily identifiable and separable from the rest, that they do not correspond to substantial elements of the results, and that, should the need arise, satisfactory replacement solutions exist, at no additional costs to the contracting authority. In such case, the contractor will



have to clearly inform the contracting authority before making such choice and the contracting authority has the right to refuse it.

2.13.4 Identification of pre-existing rights

When delivering the *results*, the contractor must warrant that, for any use that the contracting authority may envisage within the limits set in this FWC, the *results* and the *pre-existing material* incorporated in the *results* are free of claims from *creators* or from any third parties and all the necessary *pre-existing rights* have been obtained or licensed.

To that effect, the contractor must establish a list of all *pre-existing rights* to the *results* of this FWC or parts thereof, including identification of the rights' owners. If there are no *pre-existing rights* to the *results*, the contractor must provide a declaration to that effect. The contractor must provide this list or declaration to the contracting authority together with the invoice for payment of the balance at the latest.

2.13.5 Evidence of granting of pre-existing rights

Upon request by the contracting authority, the contractor must provide evidence that it has the ownership or the right to use all the listed *pre-existing rights*, except for the rights owned or licensed by the Union. The contracting authority may request this evidence even after the end of this FWC.

This evidence may refer, for example, to rights to: parts of other documents, images, graphs, fonts, tables, data, software, technical inventions, know-how, IT development tools, routines, subroutines or other programs ('background technology'), concepts, designs, installations or pieces of art, data, source or background materials or any other parts of external origin.

This evidence must include, as appropriate:

- (a) the name and version number of a software product;
- (b) the full identification of the work and its author, developer, *creator*, translator, data entry person, graphic designer, publisher, editor, photographer, producer;
- (c) a copy of the licence to use the product or of the agreement granting the relevant rights to the contractor or a reference to this licence;
- (d) a copy of the agreement or extract from the employment contract granting the relevant rights to the contractor where parts of the *results* were created by its *personnel*;



(e) the text of the disclaimer notice if any.

Provision of evidence does not release the contractor from its responsibilities if it is found that it does not hold the necessary rights, regardless of when and by whom this fact is revealed.

The contractor also warrants that it possesses the relevant rights or powers to execute the transfer and that it has paid or has verified payment of all due fees including fees due to collecting societies, related to the final *results*.

2.13.6 Quotation of works in the result

In the *result*, the contractor must clearly point out all quotations of existing works. The complete reference should include as appropriate, the following: name of the author, title of the work, date and place of publication, date of creation, address of publication on the internet, number, volume and other information that allows the origin to be easily identified.

2.13.7 Moral rights of creators

By delivering the *results*, the contractor warrants that the *creators* will not object to the following on the basis of their moral rights under copyright:

- (a) that their names be mentioned or not mentioned when the *results* are presented to the public;
- (b) that the *results* be divulged or not after they have been delivered in their final version to the contracting authority;
- (c) that the *results* be adapted, provided that this is done in a manner which is not prejudicial to the *creator's* honour or reputation.

If moral rights on parts of the *results* protected by copyright may exist, the contractor must obtain the consent of *creators* regarding the granting or waiver of the relevant moral rights in accordance with the applicable legal provisions and be ready to provide documentary evidence upon request.

2.13.8 Image rights and sound recordings

If natural persons appear in a *result* or their voice or any other private element is recorded in a recognisable manner, the contractor must obtain a statement by these persons (or, in the case of minors, by the persons exercising parental authority) giving their permission for the described use of their image, voice or private element and, on request, submit a copy of the permission to the contracting authority. The contractor must take the necessary measures to obtain such consent in accordance with the applicable legal provisions.



2.13.9 Copyright notice for pre-existing rights

When the contractor retains *pre-existing rights* on parts of the *results*, reference must be inserted to that effect when the *result* is used as set out in Article 1.10.1, with the following disclaimer: '© — year — European Union. All rights reserved. Certain parts are licensed under conditions to the EU', or with any other equivalent disclaimer as the contracting authority may consider best appropriate, or as the parties may agree on a case-by-case basis. This does not apply where inserting such reference would be impossible, notably for practical reasons.

2.13.10 Visibility of Union funding and disclaimer

When making use of the *results*, the contractor must declare that they have been produced under a contract with the Union and that the opinions expressed are those of the contractor only and do not represent the contracting authority's official position. The contracting authority may waive this obligation in writing or provide the text of the disclaimer.

2.14 FORCE MAJEURE

2.14.1 If a party is affected by *force majeure*, it must immediately *notify* the other party, stating the nature of the circumstances, their likely duration and foreseeable effects.

2.14.2 A party is not liable for any delay or failure to perform its obligations under the FWC if that delay or failure is a *result of force majeure*. If the contractor is unable to fulfil its contractual obligations owing to *force majeure*, it has the right to remuneration only for the services actually provided.

2.14.3 The parties must take all necessary measures to limit any damage due to *force majeure*.

2.15 LIQUIDATED DAMAGES

2.15.1 Delay in delivery

If the contractor fails to perform its contractual obligations within the applicable time limits set out in this FWC, the contracting authority may claim liquidated damages for each day of delay using the following formula:

$$0.3 \times (V/d)$$

where:



V is the price of the relevant purchase or deliverable or *result*;

d is the duration specified in the relevant *specific contract* for delivery of the relevant purchase or deliverable or *result* or, failing that, the period between the date specified in Article 1.4.2 and the date of delivery or performance specified in the relevant *specific contract*, expressed in days.

Liquidated damages may be imposed together with a reduction in price under the conditions laid down in Article 2.16.

2.15.2 Procedure

The contracting authority must *formally notify* the contractor of its intention to apply liquidated damages and the corresponding calculated amount.

The contractor has 30 days following the date of receipt to submit observations. Failing that, the decision becomes enforceable the day after the time limit for submitting observations has elapsed.

If the contractor submits observations, the contracting authority, taking into account the relevant observations, must *notify* the contractor:

- (a) of the withdrawal of its intention to apply liquidated damages; or
- (b) of its final decision to apply liquidated damages and the corresponding amount.

2.15.3 Nature of liquidated damages

The parties expressly acknowledge and agree that any amount payable under this Article is not a penalty and represents a reasonable estimate of fair compensation for the damage incurred due to failure to provide the services within the applicable time limits set out in this FWC.

2.15.4 Claims and liability

Any claim for liquidated damages does not affect the contractor's actual or potential liability or the contracting authority's rights under Article 2.18.

2.16 REDUCTION IN PRICE

2.16.1 Quality standards

If the contractor fails to provide the service in accordance with the FWC or a *specific contract* ('unperformed obligations') or if it fails to provide the service in accordance with the expected quality levels specified in the tender specifications ('low quality delivery'), the contracting authority may reduce or recover payments proportionally to the seriousness of the unperformed obligations or low quality delivery. This includes in particular cases where the contracting authority cannot approve a *result*,



report or deliverable as defined in Article 1.6 after the contractor has submitted the required additional information, correction or new version.

A reduction in price may be imposed together with liquidated damages under the conditions of Article 2.15.

2.16.2 Procedure

The contracting authority must *formally notify* the contractor of its intention to reduce payment and the corresponding calculated amount.

The contractor has 30 days following the date of receipt to submit observations. Failing that, the decision becomes enforceable the day after the time limit for submitting observations has elapsed.

If the contractor submits observations, the contracting authority, taking into account the relevant observations, must *notify* the contractor:

- (a) of the withdrawal of its intention to reduce payment; or
- (b) of its final decision to reduce payment and the corresponding amount.

2.16.3 Claims and liability

Any reduction in price does not affect the contractor's actual or potential liability or the contracting authority's rights under Article 2.18.

2.17 SUSPENSION OF THE CONTRACT

2.17.1 Suspension by the contractor

If the contractor is affected by *force majeure*, it may suspend the provision of the services under a *specific contract*.

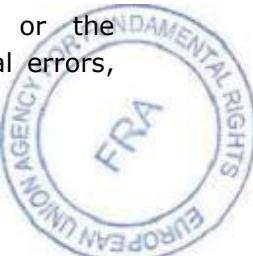
The contractor must immediately *notify* the contracting authority of the suspension. The *notification* must include a description of the *force majeure* and state when the contractor expects to resume the provision of services.

The contractor must *notify* the contracting authority as soon as it is able to resume *performance of the specific contract*, unless the contracting authority has already terminated the FWC or the *specific contract*.

2.17.2 Suspension by the contracting authority

The contracting authority may suspend the *implementation of the FWC* or *performance of a specific contract* or any part of it:

- (a) if the procedure for awarding the FWC or a *specific contract* or the *implementation of the FWC* proves to have been subject to substantial errors, *irregularities* or *fraud*;



(b) in order to verify whether the presumed substantial errors, *irregularities* or *fraud* actually occurred.

The contracting authority must *formally notify* the contractor of the suspension. Suspension takes effect on the date of *formal notification*, or at a later date if the *formal notification* so provides.

The contracting authority must *notify* the contractor as soon as possible whether:

- (a) it is lifting the suspension; or
- (b) it intends to terminate the FWC or a *specific contract* under Article 2.18.1(f) or (j).

The contractor is not entitled to compensation for suspension of any part of the FWC or a *specific contract*.

2.18 TERMINATION BY THE CONTRACTING AUTHORITY

2.18.1 Grounds for termination

The contracting authority may terminate the FWC or a *specific contract* in the following circumstances:

- (a) if provision of the services under a pending *specific contract* has not actually started within 15 days of the scheduled date and the contracting authority considers the new date proposed, if any, unacceptable, taking into account Article 2.11.2;
- (b) if the contractor is unable, through its own fault, to obtain any permit or licence required for *implementation of the FWC*;
- (c) if the contractor does not implement the FWC or perform the *specific contract* in accordance with the tender specifications or *request for service* or is in breach of another substantial contractual obligation or repeatedly refuses to sign *specific contracts*. Termination of three or more *specific contracts* in these circumstances also constitutes grounds for termination of the FWC;
- (d) if the contractor or any person that assumes unlimited liability for the debts of the contractor is in one of the situations provided for in points (a) and (b) of Article 106(1) of the Financial Regulation⁴;

⁴ Regulation (EU, EURATOM) No 966/2012 on the financial rules applicable to the general budget of the Union, as amended <http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=celex:32012R0966>



- (e) if the contractor or any *related person* is subject to any of the situations provided for in points (c) to (f) of Article 106(1) or to Article 106(2) of the Financial Regulation.
- (f) if the procedure for awarding the FWC or the *implementation of the FWC* prove to have been subject to *substantial errors, irregularities or fraud*;
- (g) if the contractor does not comply with applicable obligations under environmental, social and labour law established by Union law, national law, collective agreements or by the international environmental, social and labour law provisions listed in Annex X to Directive 2014/24/EU;
- (h) if the contractor is in a situation that could constitute a *conflict of interest* or a *professional conflicting interest* as referred to in Article 2.7;
- (i) if a change to the contractor's legal, financial, technical, organisational or ownership situation is likely to substantially affect the *implementation of the FWC* or substantially modify the conditions under which the FWC was initially awarded;
- (j) in the event of *force majeure*, where either resuming implementation is impossible or the necessary ensuing amendments to the FWC or a *specific contract* would mean that the tender specifications are no longer fulfilled or result in unequal treatment of tenderers or contractors;
- (k) if the needs of the contracting authority change and it no longer requires new services under the FWC; in such cases ongoing *specific contracts* remain unaffected;
- (l) if the termination of the FWC with one or more of the contractors means that the multiple FWC with reopening of competition no longer has the minimum required level of competition.

2.18.2 Grounds for termination by the contractor

The contractor may terminate the FWC or a *specific contract* if:

- (a) it has evidence that the contracting authority has committed *substantial errors, irregularities or fraud* in the procedure for awarding the FWC or the *implementation of the FWC*;
- (b) the contracting authority fails to comply with its obligations, in particular the obligation to provide the information needed for the contractor to implement the FWC or to perform a *specific contract* as provided for in the tender specifications.



2.18.3 Procedure for termination

A party must *formally notify* the other party of its intention to terminate the FWC or a *specific contract* and the grounds for termination.

The other party has 30 days following the date of receipt to submit observations, including the measures it has taken to continue fulfilling its contractual obligations. Failing that, the decision to terminate becomes enforceable the day after the time limit for submitting observations has elapsed.

If the other party submits observations, the party intending to terminate must *formally notify* it either of the withdrawal of its intention to terminate or of its final decision to terminate.

In the cases referred to in points (a) to (d), (g) to (i), (k) and (l) of Article 2.18.1 and in Article 2.18.2, the date on which the termination takes effect must be specified in the *formal notification*.

In the cases referred to in points (e), (f) and (j) of Article 2.18.1, the termination takes effect on the day following the date on which the contractor receives *notification* of termination.

In addition, at the request of the contracting authority and regardless of the grounds for termination, the contractor must provide all necessary assistance, including information, documents and files, to allow the contracting authority to complete, continue or transfer the services to a new contractor or internally, without interruption or adverse effect on the quality or continuity of the services. The parties may agree to draw up a transition plan detailing the contractor's assistance unless such plan is already detailed in other contractual documents or in the tender specifications. The contractor must provide such assistance at no additional cost, except if it can demonstrate that it requires substantial additional resources or means, in which case it must provide an estimate of the costs involved and the parties will negotiate an arrangement in good faith.

2.18.4 Effects of termination

The contractor is liable for damage incurred by the contracting authority as a result of the termination of the FWC or a *specific contract* including the cost of appointing another contractor to provide or complete the services, unless the damage was caused by the situation specified in Article 2.18.1(j), (k) or (l) or in Article 2.18.2. The contracting authority may claim compensation for such damage.

The contractor is not entitled to compensation for any loss resulting from the termination of the FWC or a *specific contract*, including loss of anticipated profits, unless the loss was caused by the situation specified in Article 2.18.2.



The contractor must take all appropriate measures to minimise costs, prevent damage and cancel or reduce its commitments.

Within 60 days of the date of termination, the contractor must submit any report, deliverable or *result* and any invoice required for services that were provided before the date of termination.

In the case of joint tenders, the contracting authority may terminate the FWC or a *specific contract* with each member of the group separately on the basis of points (d), (e) or (g) of Article 2.18.1, under the conditions set out in Article 2.11.2.

2.19 INVOICES, VALUE ADDED TAX AND E-INVOCING

2.19.1 Invoices and value added tax

Invoices must contain the contractor's (or leader's in the case of a joint tender) identification data, the amount, the currency and the date, as well as the FWC reference and reference to the *specific contract*.

Invoices must indicate the place of taxation of the contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender) for value added tax (VAT) purposes and must specify separately amounts not including VAT and amounts including VAT.

The contracting authority is exempt from all taxes and duties, including VAT, in accordance with Articles 3 and 4 of the Protocol on the privileges and immunities of the European Union.

The contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender) must complete the necessary formalities with the relevant authorities to ensure that the supplies and services required for *implementation of the FWC* are exempt from taxes and duties, including VAT.

2.19.2 E-invoicing

If provided for in the special conditions, the contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender) submits invoices in electronic format if the conditions regarding electronic signature specified by Directive 2006/112/EC on VAT are fulfilled, i.e. using a qualified electronic signature or through electronic data interchange.

Reception of invoices by standard format (pdf) or email is not accepted.

2.20 PRICE REVISION

If a price revision index is provided in Article 1.5.2, this Article applies to it.

Prices are fixed and not subject to revision during the first year of the FWC.



At the beginning of the second and every following year of the FWC, each price may be revised upwards or downwards at the request of one of the parties.

A party may request a price revision in writing no later than three months before the anniversary date of entry into force of the FWC. The other party must acknowledge the request within 14 days of receipt.

At the anniversary date, the contracting authority must communicate the final index for the month in which the request was received, or failing that, the last provisional index available for that month. The contractor establishes the new price on this basis and communicates it as soon as possible to the contracting authority for verification.

The contracting authority purchases on the basis of the prices in force at the date on which the *specific contract* enters into force.

The price revision is calculated using the following formula:

$$Pr = Po \times \left(\frac{Ir}{Io} \right)$$

where: Pr = revised price;

Po = price in the tender;

Io = index for the month in which the FWC enters into force;

Ir = index for the month in which the request to revise prices is received.

2.21 PAYMENTS AND GUARANTEES

2.21.1 Date of payment

Payments are deemed to be effected on the date when they are debited to the contracting authority's account.

2.21.2 Currency

Payments are made in euros or in the currency provided for in Article 1.7.

2.21.3 Conversion

The contracting authority makes any conversion between the euro and another currency at the daily euro exchange rate published in the Official Journal of the European Union, or failing that, at the monthly accounting exchange rate, as established by the European Commission and published on the website indicated below, applicable on the day when it issues the payment order.



The contractor makes any conversion between the euro and another currency at the monthly accounting exchange rate, established by the Commission and published on the website indicated below, applicable on the date of the invoice.

http://ec.europa.eu/budget/contracts_grants/info_contracts/inforeuro/inforeuro_en.cfm.

2.21.4 Costs of transfer

The costs of the transfer are borne as follows:

- (a) the contracting authority bears the costs of dispatch charged by its bank;
- (b) the contractor bears the costs of receipt charged by its bank;
- (c) the party causing repetition of the transfer bears the costs for repeated transfer.

2.21.5 Pre-financing, performance and money retention guarantees

If, as provided for in Article 1.6, a financial guarantee is required for the payment of pre-financing, as performance guarantee or as retention money guarantee, it must fulfil the following conditions:

- (a) the financial guarantee is provided by a bank or a financial institution approved by the contracting authority or, at the request of the contractor and with the agreement of the contracting authority, by a third party;
- (b) the guarantor stands as first-call guarantor and does not require the contracting authority to have recourse against the principal debtor (the contractor).

The contractor bears the cost of providing such guarantee.

Pre-financing guarantees must remain in force until the pre-financing is cleared against interim payments or payment of the balance. Where the payment of the balance takes the form of a debit note, the pre-financing guarantee must remain in force for three months after the debit note is sent to the contractor. The contracting authority must release the guarantee within the following month.

Performance guarantees cover compliance with substantial contractual obligations until the contracting authority has given its final approval for the service. The performance guarantee must not exceed 10 % of the total price of the *specific contract*. The contracting authority must release the guarantee fully after final approval of the service, as provided for in the *specific contract*.

Retention money guarantees cover full delivery of the service in accordance with the *specific contract* including during the contract liability period and until its final approval by the contracting authority. The retention money guarantee must not exceed 10 % of the total price of the *specific contract*. The contracting authority



must release the guarantee after the expiry of the contract liability period as provided for in the *specific contract*.

The contracting authority must not request a retention money guarantee for a *specific contract* where it has requested a performance guarantee.

2.21.6 Interim payments and payment of the balance

The contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender) must send an invoice for interim payment, as provided for in Article 1.6 or in the tender specifications or in the *specific contract*.

The contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender) must send an invoice for payment of the balance within 60 days of the end of the period of provision of the services, as provided for in Article 1.6, in the tender specifications or in the *specific contract*.

Payment of the invoice and approval of documents does not imply recognition of the regularity, authenticity, completeness and correctness of the declarations and information they contain.

Payment of the balance may take the form of recovery.

2.21.7 Suspension of the time allowed for payment

The contracting authority may suspend the payment periods specified in Article 1.6 at any time by *notifying* the contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender) that its invoice cannot be processed. The reasons the contracting authority may cite for not being able to process an invoice are:

- (a) because it does not comply with the FWC;
- (b) because the contractor has not produced the appropriate documents or deliverables; or
- (c) because the contracting authority has observations on the documents or deliverables submitted with the invoice.

The contracting authority must *notify* the contractor (or leader in the case of joint tender) as soon as possible of any such suspension, giving the reasons for it.

Suspension takes effect on the date the contracting authority sends the *notification*. The remaining payment period resumes from the date on which the requested information or revised documents are received or the necessary further verification, including on-the-spot checks, is carried out. Where the suspension period exceeds



two months, the contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender) may request the contracting authority to justify the continued suspension.

Where the payment periods have been suspended following rejection of a document referred to in the first paragraph of this Article and the new document produced is also rejected, the contracting authority reserves the right to terminate the *specific contract* in accordance with Article 2.18.1(c)

2.21.8 Interest on late payment

On expiry of the payment periods specified in Article 1.6, the contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender) is entitled to interest on late payment at the rate applied by the European Central Bank for its main refinancing operations in euros (the reference rate) plus eight points. The reference rate is the rate in force, as published in the C series of the *Official Journal of the European Union*, on the first day of the month in which the payment period ends.

Suspension of the payment period as provided for in Article 2.21.7 is not considered as giving rise to late payment.

Interest on late payment covers the period running from the day following the due date for payment up to and including the date of payment as defined in Article 2.21.1.

However, when the calculated interest is EUR 200 or less, it must be paid to the contractor (or leader in the case of a joint tender) only if it requests it within two months of receiving late payment.

2.22 REIMBURSEMENTS

2.22.1 If provided for in the special conditions or in the tender specifications, the contracting authority must reimburse expenses directly connected with the provision of the services either when the contractor provides it with supporting documents or on the basis of flat rates.

2.22.2 The contracting authority reimburses travel and subsistence expenses on the basis of the shortest itinerary and the minimum number of nights necessary for overnight stay at the destination.

2.22.3 The contracting authority reimburses travel expenses as follows:

- (a) travel by air: up to the maximum cost of an economy class ticket at the time of the reservation;
- (b) travel by boat or rail: up to the maximum cost of a first class ticket;



- (c) travel by car: at the rate of one first class rail ticket for the same journey and on the same day;

In addition, the contracting authority reimburses travel outside Union territory if it has given its prior written approval for the expenses.

2.22.4 The contracting authority reimburses subsistence expenses on the basis of a daily subsistence allowance as follows:

- (a) for journeys of less than 200 km for a return trip, no subsistence allowance is payable;
- (b) the daily subsistence allowance is payable only on receipt of supporting documents proving that the person concerned was present at the destination;
- (c) the daily subsistence allowance takes the form of a flat-rate payment to cover all subsistence expenses, including meals, local transport including transport to and from the airport or station, insurance and sundries;
- (d) the daily subsistence allowance is reimbursed at the flat rates specified in Article 1.5.3;
- (e) accommodation is reimbursed on receipt of supporting documents proving the necessary overnight stay at the destination, up to the flat-rate ceilings specified in Article 1.5.3.

2.22.5 The contracting authority reimburses the cost of shipment of equipment or unaccompanied luggage if it has given its prior written approval for the expense.

2.23 RECOVERY

2.23.1 If an amount is to be recovered under the terms of the FWC, the contractor must repay the contracting authority the amount in question.

2.23.2 Recovery of procedure

Before recovery, the contracting authority must *formally notify* the contractor of its intention to recover the amount it claims, specifying the amount due and the reasons for recovery and inviting the contractor to make any observations within 30 days of receipt.

If no observations have been submitted or if, despite the observations submitted, the contracting authority decides to pursue the recovery procedure, it must confirm recovery by *formally notifying* a debit note to the contractor, specifying the date of



payment. The contractor must pay in accordance with the provisions specified in the debit note.

If the contractor does not pay by the due date, the contracting authority may, after informing the contractor in writing, recover the amounts due:

- (a) by offsetting them against any amounts owed to the contractor by the Union or by the European Atomic Energy Community;
- (b) by calling in a financial guarantee if the contractor has submitted one to the contracting authority;
- (c) by taking legal action.

2.23.3 Interest on late payment

If the contractor does not honour the obligation to pay the amount due by the date set by the contracting authority in the debit note, the amount due bears interest at the rate indicated in Article 2.21.8. Interest on late payments will cover the period starting on the day after the due date for payment and ending on the date when the contracting authority receives the full amount owed.

Any partial payment is first entered against charges and interest on late payment and then against the principal amount.

2.23.4 Recovery rules in the case of joint tender

If the contract is signed by a group (joint tender), the group is jointly and severally liable under the conditions set out in Article 2.6 (liability). The contracting authority first claims the full amount to the leader of the group.

If the leader does not pay by the due date and if the amount cannot be offset in accordance with Article 2.23.2 (a), the contracting authority may claim the full amount to any other member of the group by *notifying* the debit note already sent to the leader under Article 2.23.2.

2.24 CHECKS AND AUDITS

2.24.1 The contracting authority and the European Anti-Fraud Office may check or require an audit on the *implementation of the FWC*. This may be carried out either by OLAF's own staff or by any outside body authorised to do so on its behalf.

Such checks and audits may be initiated at any moment during the provision of the services and up to five years starting from the payment of the balance of the last *specific contract* issued under this FWC



The audit procedure is initiated on the date of receipt of the relevant letter sent by the contracting authority. Audits are carried out on a confidential basis.

2.24.2 The contractor must keep all original documents stored on any appropriate medium, including digitised originals if authorised under national law, for a period of five years starting from the payment of the balance of the last *specific contract* issued under this FWC.

2.24.3 The contractor must grant the contracting authority's staff and outside *personnel* authorised by the contracting authority the appropriate right of access to sites and premises where the FWC is implemented and to all the information, including information in electronic format, needed to conduct such checks and audits. The contractor must ensure that the information is readily available at the moment of the check or audit and, if so requested, that information is handed over in an appropriate format.

2.24.4 On the basis of the findings made during the audit, a provisional report is drawn up. The contracting authority or its authorised representative must send it to the contractor, who has 30 days following the date of receipt to submit observations. The contractor must receive the final report within 60 days following the expiry of the deadline to submit observations.

On the basis of the final audit findings, the contracting authority may recover all or part of the payments made in accordance with Article 2.23 and may take any other measures which it considers necessary.

2.24.5 In accordance with Council Regulation (Euratom, EC) No 2185/96 of 11 November 1996 concerning on-the-spot checks and inspection carried out by the Commission in order to protect the European Communities' financial interests against *fraud* and other *irregularities* and Regulation (EU, Euratom) No 883/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 September 2013 concerning investigations conducted by the European Anti-Fraud Office, the European Anti-Fraud Office may carry out investigations, including on the spot checks and inspections, to establish whether there has been *fraud*, corruption or any other illegal activity under the contract affecting the financial interests of the Union. Findings arising from an investigation may lead to criminal prosecution under national law.

The investigations may be carried out at any moment during the provision of the services and up to five years starting from the payment of the balance of the last *specific contract* issued under this FWC.



2.24.6 The Court of Auditors has the same rights as the contracting authority, particularly right of access, for the purpose of checks and audits.



ANNEX I

Tender and Technical Specifications



ANNEX II

Contractor's Tender of [to be completed]



ANNEX III

Model for order forms and model specific contract

EUROPEAN UNION AGENCY FOR FUNDAMENTAL RIGHTS

Schwarzenbergplatz 11, A-1040 Vienna, Austria



Department		ORDER FORM		Number of sheets	Sheet No	Date and reference of your quote
[to be completed]		(to be mentioned in all correspondence)				
Tel.:	[to be completed]	No:	[to be completed]	1	1	[to be completed]
Fax:	[to be completed]	Contractor's code:	[to be completed]	[official legal form] [official address in full]		
		Country of origin:	[to be completed]			
		Currency of payment:	EUR			
		Code country of origin/currency: [complete]/EUR				
This order is governed by the provisions of Framework Contract No [to be completed] in force from [to be completed] to [to be completed] Acceptance of this order implies that the contractor waives all other terms of business or of execution of the services/goods.						
DESCRIPTION OF THE GOODS OR SERVICES				UNIT	QUANTITY	PRICE in €
						UNIT PRICE
If the order form is subject to VAT outside Austria, but within the scope of application of Council Directive 2006/112/EC in its current legally valid wording, the Contractor declares to accept (for submission to the relevant tax authorities) the duly completed form according to Art. 151 of the specified Directive, and to invoice FRA the net price of the order form excluding VAT. In this case, the FRA will only pay the net price of the order form excluding VAT.						
Packaging: Insurance: Transport: Assembly: VAT: Total (No VAT): Total (VAT Incl.): Contractor's signature Name: [to be completed]						



Delivery / performance dates:	from: [complete]	to: [complete]	
Payment: [to be completed]	Position: [to be completed]		
Contractor's bank account: [to be completed]	Date:		
Invoicing address: European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights for the attention of Administration Department Schwarzenbergplatz 11, A-1040 Vienna, Austria		Place of delivery/ performance and/or Incoterm and opening hours: Contact Person: [to be completed] [opening hours – to be completed]	
Authorising Officer: Signature: [name – to be completed] Date of issue :		The request for payment shall be admissible only if the Contractor returns a signed copy of this order form with the invoice. This Contract shall be governed by Austrian law and any dispute shall be brought before the Court of Justice of the European Union.	
Commitment nr.	Budget item		
[to be completed]	[to be completed]		



FIXED PRICE DRAFT SPECIFIC CONTRACT No [to be completed]

Implementing Framework Contract No [to be completed]

The European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights (hereinafter referred to as 'the contracting authority'), with its seat at Schwarzenbergplatz 11, Vienna 1040, Austria, which is represented for the purposes of the signature of this contract by [forename, surname and function]

of the one part, and

[official name in full]

[official legal form]

[statutory registration number]

[official address in full]

[VAT registration number]

[appointed as the leader of the group by the members of the group that submitted the joint tender] *[to be added under the leading company]*

[collectively] 'the contractor', [represented for the purposes of the signature of this specific contract by [forename, surname and function]

[The parties identified above and collectively referred to as 'the contractor' shall be jointly and severally liable vis-à-vis the contracting authority for the performance of this specific contract']

of the other part

HAVE AGREED

1 Subject matter

- 1.1 This specific contract implements framework contract (FWC) No [complete] signed by the contracting authority and the contractor on [complete date].
- 1.2 The subject matter of this specific contract is [short description of subject]. [This specific contract relates to lot [complete] of the FWC.]
- 1.3 The contractor undertakes, in accordance with the terms set out in the FWC and in this specific contract and the annexes thereto, which form an integral part thereof, to perform the tasks specified in Annex I.



2 Entry into force and duration

- 2.1 This specific contract shall enter into force on the date on which it is signed by the last party.
- 2.2 [The duration of the execution of the tasks shall not exceed [complete] [days/weeks/months].] [Execution of the tasks shall be completed before [to be completed].] Execution of the tasks shall start from the date of entry into force of this specific contract.

The period of execution of the tasks may be extended only with the express written agreement of the parties before such period elapses.

3 PERFORMANCE AND LOCATION

- 3.1 The tasks performed by the contractor under this specific contract shall result in deliverables, defined according to the provisions of Annex I.
Signature by the contracting authority of the Task Acceptance Form attached in Annex III shall provide evidence of the work performed.
- 3.2 The tasks shall be performed at the contractor's premises, unless otherwise specified in Annex I.

4 Price and payments

- 4.1 The maximum total price to be paid under this specific contract shall be EUR [amount in figures and in words] covering all tasks executed.
- 4.2 This amount shall cover all expenditure incurred by the contractor in performing this specific contract. No reimbursable expenses are foreseen.
- 4.3 In conformity with Articles 1.5 of the special conditions and 2.21 of the general conditions of the FWC, the invoicing procedures for the services, once accepted by the contracting authority, are as follows:
 - payment of the balance upon completion of the work, based on acceptance of the services or supplies signed by the contracting authority (to be attached to the invoice)
- 4.4 Payments shall be made to account No [to be completed] held with [to be completed] on production of the invoice showing separately the amount of the



services and the VAT applied and within no more than [30] calendar days from the date the invoice is received by the department indicated in article 4.5 below. Invoices presented by the contractor shall indicate his place of taxation for VAT purposes and shall specify separately the amounts not including VAT from those amounts including VAT. The payment shall be deemed to have been effected on the day the contracting authority's financial account is debited.

4.5 The address for invoices is:

European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights
to the attention of the Administration Department
Schwarzenbergplatz 11,
Vienna 1040,
Austria

[Option: for contractors for which VAT is due in Belgium]

[Where VAT is due in Belgium, the provisions of this specific contract constitute a request for VAT exemption No 450, Article 42, paragraph 3.3 of the VAT code (circular 2/1978), provided the contractor includes the following statement in the invoice(s): 'Exonération de la TVA, Article 42, paragraphe 3.3 du code de la TVA (circulaire 2/1978)' or an equivalent statement in the Dutch or German language.]

[Option: for contractors for which VAT is due in Luxembourg]

[Where VAT is due in Luxembourg, the contractor shall include the following statement in the invoices: 'Commande destinée à l'usage officiel de l'Union européenne. Exonération de la TVA Article 43 § 1 k 2ième tiret de la loi modifiée du 12.02.79. ' In case of intra-Community purchases, the statement to be included in the invoices is: 'For the official use of the European Union. VAT Exemption / European Union/ Article 151 of Council Directive 2006/112/EC. ']

5 SUBCONTRACTING

[Subcontracting is not allowed]

or

[In accordance with article 2.10 of the general conditions, the contractor has been permitted to subcontract.



Tasks stated in Annex I may be performed by the subcontractor [name subcontractor, address], entirely at the risk of the contractor.

Without prejudice to the contracting authority's other rights under article 2.10 of the general conditions, if the contractor fails to meet his obligations, the specific contract with the contracting authority may be terminated in accordance with Article 2.18.1 c) of the general conditions. This clause applies throughout the terms of the specific contract.]

6 Performance guarantee

No performance guarantee will be required.

7 Use of results

[Refer to article 1.10 of the framework contract.]

or

[Insert details on the intended use of results linked to the specific request for service supplementing or replacing clause 1.10 of the special conditions]

8 ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

The persons responsible for implementing this specific contract are:

For the contracting authority:

Administrative matters: [name and telephone number]

Technical matters: [name and telephone number]

For the contractor: [name and telephone number]

Administrative matters: [name and telephone number]

Technical matters: [name and telephone number]

All communication relating to the implementation of this specific contract must be in the form of written correspondence and be sent to the appropriate responsible persons.

9 Annexes

The following documents are annexed to the specific contract and form an integral part of it:

Annex I: Technical Annex/Description of the Tasks

Annex II: Contractor's specific tender of [date to be completed]





SIGNATURES

For the contractor,

[name]

[function]

signature[s]: _____

For the contracting authority,

[name]

[function]

signature[s]: _____

Done at _____ date:_____

Done at Vienna date:_____

In duplicate in English.



ANNEX I

Technical Annex/Description of the Tasks



ANNEX II

Contractor's specific tender



ANNEX IV

Bank Identification Form and Legal Entities File



ANNEX VI

Power of Attorney



ANNEX VI

Model of Declaration on the list of pre-existing rights

[This annex is compulsory for all service contracts]

I, [name][function] representing [to be completed] ('the contractor'), party to the [framework] [specific] contract [insert title and number] [[option 1](#): warrant that the results are free of rights or claims from creators or from any third parties for any use the contracting authority may envisage and declare that the results do not contain any pre-existing rights to the results or parts of the results or to pre-existing materials as defined in the above-mentioned contract.] [[option 2](#): warrant that the results and the pre-existing material incorporated in the results are free of rights or claims from creators or from any third parties for any use the contracting authority may envisage and declare that the results contain the following pre-existing rights:]

Please fill in the table – one line per pre-existing right

Result concerned	Pre-existing material concerned	Rights to pre-existing material	Identification of rights' holder

