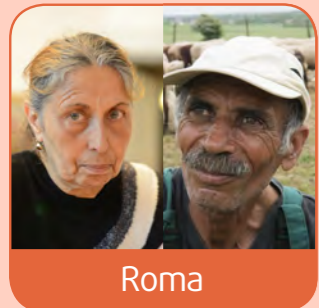




VICTIMISATION: Experiences from immigrants and ethnic minorities across the EU



Who suffers most?

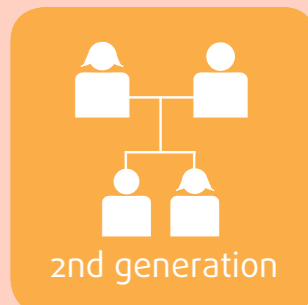


Roma (30%) and North Africans (29%) suffered most hate-motivated harassment.

However, this varied greatly between countries; it was as high as 56% in one country towards Roma.



32% of 2nd generation immigrant respondents were harassed; 50% of these victims were harassed at least 6 times a year.



How common is victimisation?



24% were harassed because of their ethnic or immigrant background in the year before the survey...

...but 90% did not report being harassed.



Where is harassment most common?



Most harassment tends to be offensive threatening comments or gestures in the street or public places.

What impact does victimisation have?



Victimisation erodes the sense of attachment to their country of residence.

It also undermines trust in public institutions.



Second European Union Minorities and Discrimination Survey (EU-MIDIS II): main results

Survey of over 25,500 people with immigrant or ethnic minority backgrounds including Roma and Russians across all EU Member States:
<http://fra.europa.eu/en/publication/2017/eumidis-ii-main-results>



#FactNotFake